Policy Position:

Adopted by the MOASH Board of Directors, May 2017



Affirmative Consent



What we stand for:

The Michigan Organization on Adolescent Sexual Health (MOASH) supports the establishment of affirmative consent policies on all educational campuses. Affirmative consent policies set a standard for whether consent was or was not given for a sexual act in a case of sexual violence perpetration. Under these policies, consent is and can only be attained by a verbal "yes" during a sexual encounter. MOASH's focus around this issue is on promoting a culture of safety and respect by championing policies of clear consent communication in sexual relationships.



Why we stand for this:

- Consent should be voluntary, mutual, and can be withdrawn at any time. Consent cannot be given under coercion, force, and intimidation. Consent from a previous interaction does not apply to future interactions. If someone is mentally or physically incapacitated and cannot understand the extent or nature of situation, there is not consent.¹
- MOASH believes young people should have the tools to make positive, healthy choices when it comes to sex - that includes knowing what consent is and how to get and receive consent.
- Education on affirmative consent is an effective sexual violence prevention tool. Affirmative consent dictates a standard for consent to sexual activity as a verbal and enthusiastic 'yes' from all involved parties. Teaching youth about healthy relationships, communication, and negotiation skills opens dialogue around sexual violence prevention and increases understanding around how to have a healthy relationship.
- Within current cultural expectations, silence and passivity are misconstrued as positive affirmations during a sexual encounter. Affirmative consent changes the script for sexual encounters and ensure all parties have equal agency.²
- Expert organizations in the field of higher education campus safety (e.g., The National Center For Higher Education Risk Management) support the crafting and standardizing sexual assault policies, including affirmative consent policies based on best practice.³

Data and statistics:

- One in four women will be sexually assaulted during their time as a university student in Michigan.⁴
- According to the 2015 FBI Crime Report, Michigan had the fourth highest reported rapes per 100,000 people in the US.⁵
- 79% of female rape survivors report being first raped before the age of 25.6
- Over 40% of LGBTQ students experience sexual assaults on college campuses.
- Several Michigan public and private universities have affirmative consent policies, and other universities have strong consent policies.8
- Nationally, one in two women and one in five men experience sexual violence at some point in their lives.9

National Sexual Violence Resource Center (2015). WHAT IS CONSENT? Discussion Guide [PDF]. Retrieved from

http://genprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/31155358/Consent-Discussion-Guide_Updated.pdf

² Bolotnikova, M.N. & Evans, L.R. (2012, March 16). Rape and The Gatekeeper Narrative. *The Harvard Crimson*. Retrieved from

http://www.thecrimson.com/article/2012/3/26/Harvard-gatekeeper-narrative/

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https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2015/crime-in-the-u.s.-2015/tables/table-5 ⁶National Center for Injury Prevention and Control Division of Violence Prevention (2014). National Data on Intimate Partner Violence, Sexual Violence, and Stalking [PDF]. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/NISVS-Fact-Sheet-2014.pdf

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The Affirmative Consent Project (2016). AFFIRMATIVE CONSENT LAWS (YES MEANS YES) STATE BY STATE. Retrieved from http://affirmativeconsent.com/affirmative-consent-laws-state-by-state/

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